Main Features:

- Oxygen sensor for rough conditions (in particular condensing humidity)
- Potentiometric oxygen measurement based on an electrochemical ZrO₂ cell
- amperometric recalibration procedure in absence of a reference atmosphere
- Oxygen range: 1mbar -250mbar (0,1%~25% O2 at standard atmosphere)
- Operating temperatures up to 350°C (ambient)

Principle of Operation:

The sensor is based on a solid-state electrochemical cell (Nernst cell) which is heated to temperatures around 525°C. The inner electrode of the cell is in contact with a sealed reference chamber, while the outer electrode is in contact with the ambient gas, which has to be analyzed. The voltage between the electrodes corresponds to the quotient of the O2-partial pressures (Nernst law).

For absolute O_2 -partial pressure measurement it is therefore necessary to calibrate the partial pressure of the reference chamber. This can be done by comparison with a known O_2 -partial pressure in the surrounding gas. It is also possible to establish a defined O_2 partial pressure by an amperometric pumping process in absence of a reference atmosphere.



Measuring range

1mbar-250mbar O2 $(0.1 \sim 25.0\% \text{ O2} \text{ at standard atmospheric pressure})$

Extended measuring ranges might be possible, if evaluated in detail (upon request)





Pin out (bottom view)

The information contained in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable but is presented without guarantee.

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Output characteristic:

$$U_n = \frac{RT_{cell}}{4F} \ln(\frac{p_{O2meas}}{p_{O2Ref}})$$

 $p_{O2meas} = p_{O2ref} e^{\frac{4FU_n}{R_{T_{cell}}}}$

Cell voltage Gas constant Faraday constant Cell temperature Measuring gas Reference gas $\begin{array}{l} U_n \left[V \right] \\ R = 8,314 \ J \ mol^{-1} \ K^{-1} \\ F = 96485 \ C \ mol^{-1} \\ T_{cell} \left[K \right] \\ p_{02meas} \left[mbar \right] \\ p_{02Ref} \left[mbar \right] \end{array}$

Heater voltage/Cell temperature

Applied heater power:

3.5-4.0 Volts (1.3 to 1.8 Watts, depends on application and thermal links) The cell temperature can be calculated from the resistance change of the Pt-heater (4-wire measurement) Typical target cell temperature: 525° C

$$T_{cell} = \frac{(R_{op} - R_{25^{\circ}C})}{R_{25^{\circ}C}\alpha_{P_{t}}} + 25K + 273,15K - T_{offset}$$

Cell temperature Heater resistance @ 25°C Heater resistance during operation Temperature coefficient platinum Temp offset heater-cell

 $\begin{array}{l} T_{cell} \left[K\right] \\ R_{25^\circ C} = 3,25\Omega \pm 0,20\Omega \\ R_{op} \mbox{ (depending on the voltage supply and thermal links)} \\ \alpha_{Pt} = 3245 \mbox{ ppm/K} \\ T_{offset} = 50K \mbox{ (typical)} \end{array}$

Calibration principle

Internal recalibration procedure: No reference atmosphere necessary Typical duration time of recalibration procedure: 2 min Typical pumping current: 10-20uA Recalibration period: up to 48h Detailed information upon request

External recalibration procedure

Reference gas necessary (usually standard O2-concentration of air is sufficient)

Typical output-signal

-100mV to 20mV (depending on the reference concentration)

Accuracy

Typ. 2% of measuring range (5mbar)

Response time (t90)

<30 sec.

Warm up time

Approx. 2 min.

Maximum temperatures

Housing during operation: approx. 70 $^{\circ}C$ (at 25 $^{\circ}C$ ambient temperature) Max. ambient temperature: 350 $^{\circ}C$

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